

September 27, 2017

Honorable Kevin McCarthy 2421 Rayburn House Office Building Washington, D.C. 20515 Honorable Nancy Pelosi 233 Cannon House Office Building Washington, DC 20515

Dear Majority Leader McCarthy and Democratic Leader Pelosi:

On behalf of the Copyright Alliance and our members, I write in opposition to H.R. 3427, the Fair Access to Science and Technology Research Act of 2017. The fundamental premise of copyright is that marketable rights in creative and scholarly works enable individuals and companies to create and disseminate those works broadly. By undermining the value of these rights, this bill would drastically reduce the incentive to engage in high-quality scholarly publishing and, consequently, reduce the benefit the public derives from such efforts.

The Copyright Alliance is a non-profit, non-partisan public interest and educational organization representing the copyright interests of over 1.8 million individual creators and over 13,000 organizations in the United States, across the spectrum of copyright disciplines. The Copyright Alliance is dedicated to advocating policies that promote and preserve the value of copyright and to protecting the rights of creators and innovators, including musicians, filmmakers, photographers and publishers. The individual creators and organizations that we represent rely on copyright law to protect their creativity, efforts, and investments in the creation and distribution of new copyrighted works for the public to enjoy.

We fully support public access to raw data that is generated from federally-funded research, and generally support public access policies that engender flexibility, consistent with those outlined by the Office of Science and Technology Policy (OSTP) in 2013. However, we must object to H.R. 3427 because it goes far beyond the OSTP policy by proposing restrictive licensing on final manuscripts of peer-reviewed journal articles that report on federally-funded research. In addition, it also requires that the fully-edited and reviewed journal articles be made freely available no later than six months after their publication.

Like other publishers and copyright owners, scholarly publishers play a critical role in creating and distributing new works to the benefit of their audiences, readers, and other users. The value added by scholarly publishers in particular is pivotal in bringing advances in medical and scientific research to the public through the publication—which includes peer review and substantive editing—and distribution of journal articles along with the maintenance of searchable digital repositories and long-term archives. This bill would significantly undermine the ability of these publishers to invest in these important functions, which contribute to the advancement of science, research, and knowledge.



The Copyright Alliance looks forward to working with you and other Representatives to ensure that the results of federally-funded research are made broadly accessible to the public in a way that respects and does not undermine the invaluable work of scientific and scholarly publishers.

Sincerely,

Keith Kupferschmid Chief Executive Officer Copyright Alliance

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Rep. Trey Gowdy, Chairman, House Committee on Oversight and Government Reform Rep. Elijah Cummings, Ranking Member, House Committee on Oversight and Government Reform